

Leptonic asymmetry in tt production at CDF

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On behalf of the CDF Collaboration

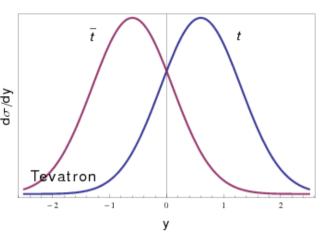
Motivation

Tevatron experiments report ~2 σ excess on $t\bar{t}$ $A_{_{FR}}$

$$A_{FB} = \frac{N(\Delta y > 0) - N(\Delta y < 0)}{N(\Delta y > 0) + N(\Delta y < 0)}$$

CDF 16.4 ± 4.5 % (6.6% POWHEG + EW) D0 19.6 ± 6.5 % (5.0% MC@NLO)

Probe of beyond SM physics



A_{FB} induces
 Leptonic asymmetry

$$A_{\text{FB}}^{lep} = \frac{N(qy_l > 0) - N(qy_l < 0)}{N(qy_l > 0) + N(qy_l < 0)}$$

- Depends only on lepton's charge and direction → very precise measurement
- Provide complementary information to A_{FB}

Previous results from D0

| Channel | A ^{lep} FB | | L |
|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Lepton +jets | 15.2 ± 3.4 | Arxiv:1110.2062 | 5.4 fb ⁻¹ |
| Dilepton | $5.3 \pm 7.9 \pm 2.9$ | Arxiv:1207.0364 | 5.4 fb ⁻¹ |
| combined | 11.8 ± 3.2 | Arxiv:1207.0364 | 5.4 fb ⁻¹ |

Call for precise measurements with the full Tevatron dataset

$$A_{\text{FB}}^{lep} = \frac{N(qy_l > 0) - N(qy_l < 0)}{N(qy_l > 0) + N(qy_l < 0)}$$

Sources of leptonic asymmetry



tt asymmetry



top polarization

$$A_{FB} = \frac{N(\Delta y > 0) - N(\Delta y < 0)}{N(\Delta y > 0) + N(\Delta y < 0)}$$

0 at LO(a_s²) QCD

~7% at NLO(a_s³) QCD

HO corrections EW, PMC 9%-12%

$$P = \frac{N(t_R \bar{t}_R) - N(t_L \bar{t}_L)}{N(t_R \bar{t}_R) + N(t_L \bar{t}_L)}$$
0 in the SM

P < 0 → negative contribution to

A^{lep}
FB

BSM

Leptonic asymmetry A^{lep} in reference models

| CDF | Run | II | Preliminary | ľ | $\mathcal{L} =$ | 9.4/ | fb |
|-----|-----|----|-------------|---|-----------------|------|----|
|-----|-----|----|-------------|---|-----------------|------|----|

| Model | $A_{ m FB}^{\Delta y}$ | $A_{ m FB}^{lep}$ | Polarization | |
|---------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| ALPGEN | -0.000(1) | +0.003(1) | +0.009(2) | LO Standard Model |
| POWHEG | +0.052(0) | +0.024(0) | +0.001(1) | NLO Standard Model |
| Octet A | +0.156(1) | +0.070(2) | -0.005(3) | LO unpolarized axigluon |
| Octet L | +0.121(1) | -0.062(1) | -0.290(3) | LO left-handed axigluon |
| Octet R | +0.114(2) | +0.149(2) | +0.280(3) | LO right-handed axigluon |
| | | | | |

| | | (-) |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| ALPGEN | LO+PS | No asymmetry |
| POWHEG | NLO+PS | 2.4% A ^{lep} _{FB} |
| Octet A | Unpolarized axigluon (2.0 TeV/c², narrow) | 7% A ^{lep} _{FB} |
| Octet L | Left polarized axigluon (200 GeV/ c^2 , Γ =50 GeV/ c^2) | reduced A ^{lep} _{FB} |
| Octet R | Right polarized axigluon (200 GeV/ c^2 , Γ =50 GeV/ c^2) | enhanced A ^{lep} _{FB} |

BSM reference models

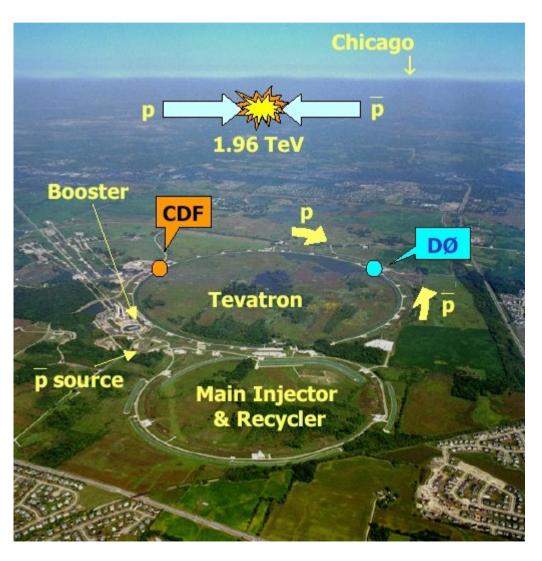
SM higher order corrections

| Soft gluon resummation | Small effect | arXiv:1106.6051 |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| EW corrections | 25% enhancement | arXiv:1205.6580 |
| NLO scale variation | 30% uncertainty | ArXiv:1204.1513 |
| PMC scale setting | 40% enhancement | arXiv:1205.1232 |
| NNLO QCD | Not yet known | |

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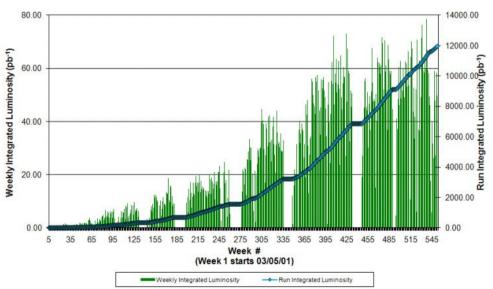
Tevatron Run II

Full Tevatron Run II dataset 12 fb⁻¹ delivered – 10 fb⁻¹ for analysis



- pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV
- Peak instantaneous luminosity
 4 x 10³² cm⁻² s⁻¹
- 10 years of data acquisition, end of operation in September 2011

Collider Run II Integrated Luminosity

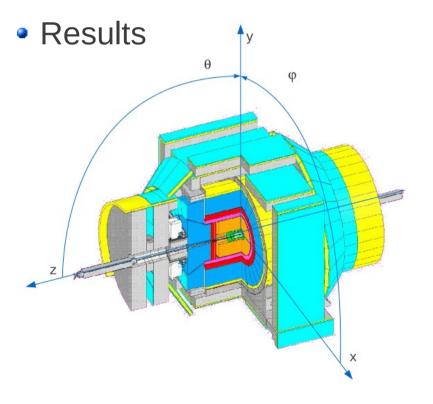


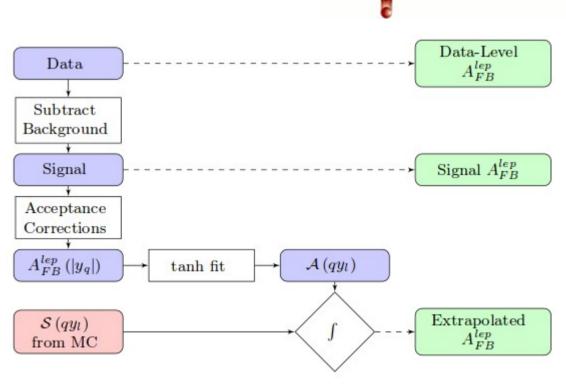
Measurement of leptonic asymmetry A ep with CDF

- Lepton + jets Event selection
- Background subtraction

 $L = 9.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

- Acceptance corrections and extrapolation
- Systematic uncertainties





Event selection

- Exactly 1 electron or muon with $p_{\tau} > 20 \text{ GeV/c}$
- Missing E_T > 20 GeV
- 3 jets with $E_{_{\rm T}}$ > 20 GeV
- At least 1 jet with $E_{\tau} > 12 \text{ GeV}$
- At least 1 b-jet
- $H_T = \sum_{l,jets} E_T + E_T^{miss} > 220 \text{ GeV}$



Main background is W + jets

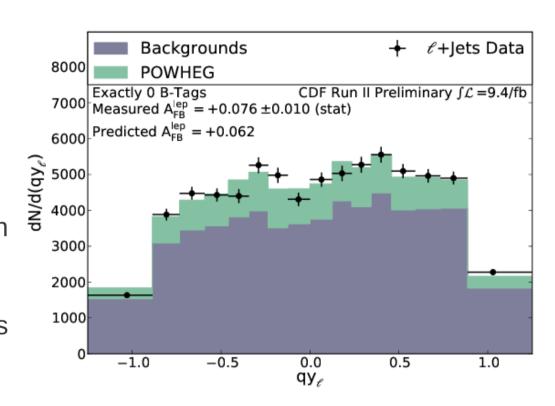
~70% Signal events

CDF Run II Preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} = 9.4/fb$

| Process | Prediction | | |
|------------------|------------|----------|-----|
| Non-W | 207 | \pm | 86 |
| W+HF | 481 | \pm | 178 |
| W+LF | 201 | \pm | 72 |
| Single Top | 67 | \pm | 6 |
| Diboson | 36 | \pm | 4 |
| Z+jets | 34 | \pm | 5 |
| All Backgrounds | 1026 | ± | 210 |
| $tar{t}$ 7.4pb | 2750 | \pm | 426 |
| Total Prediction | 3776 | 士 | 476 |
| Observed | 3864 | | |

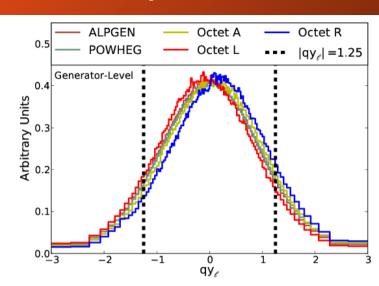
Background asymmetry

- W production is asymmetric
 - EW effects
 - Proton-antiproton collision (PDF)
- Check background modeling of A^{lep}_{FB} in background enhanced control region
- Antitag control region → veto b-tag jets
- W+jets background simulated with ALPGEN



Good agreement of A^{lep} in background enhanced control-region

Extrapolation method



N(qy_i) is measured in a limited rapidity range

→ extrapolate to full range

N(qy_i) is decomposed into symmetric and asymmetric components

$$S(qy_l) = \frac{N(qy_l) + N(-qy_l)}{2}$$

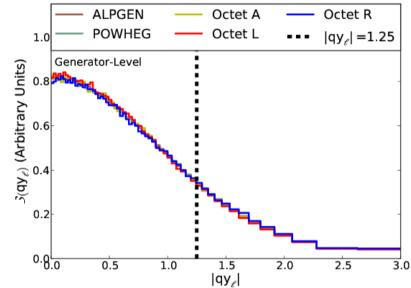
$$\mathcal{A}(qy_l) = \frac{N(qy_l) - N(-qy_l)}{N(qy_l) + N(-qy_l)}$$

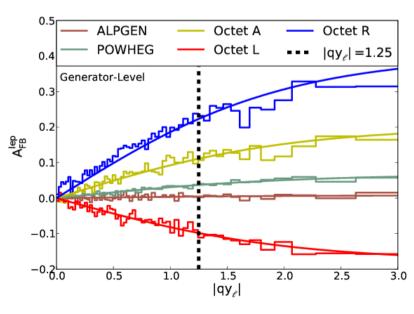
S(qy_i) is the same in all models

A(qy_i) distinguish different models

Measured $A(qy_i)$ is

- Bin-by-bin unfolded to generator level
- Fitted with $\mathcal{A}(qy_l) = a \tanh \left[\frac{1}{2}qy_l\right]$
- Convoluted with S(qy_I) to extract A^{lep}_{FB}





Extrapolation method - validation

Extrapolation method is validated on each of the reference models

- Apply acceptance correction and extrapolation procedure on simulated samples at detector-level
- Compare extrapolated A^{lep}_{FB} with generator-level A^{lep}_{FB}

Bin-by-bin acceptance corrections evaluated with POWHEG

CDF Run II Preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} = 9.4/fb$

| Signal Model | True $A_{\rm FB}^{lep}$ | Extrapolated $A_{\rm FB}^{lep}$ |
|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ALPGEN | +0.003(1) | -0.004 |
| POWHEG | +0.024(0) | +0.027 |
| Octet A | +0.070(1) | +0.069 |
| Octet L | -0.062(1) | -0.062 |
| Octet R | +0.149(2) | +0.155 |

The method is very stable across the different models

Systematic uncertainties

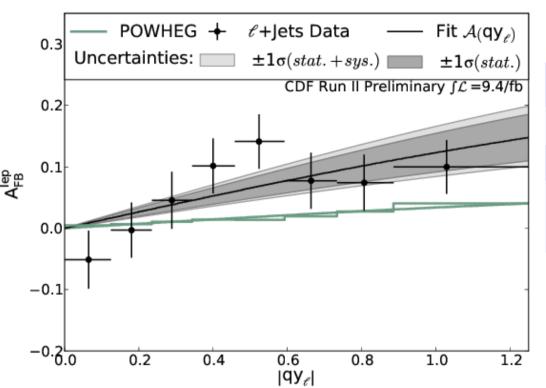
Main systematic uncertainties

- Background estimation
- Recoil Modeling impact of p_T^{tt} modeling

The measurement is statistically limited

| CDF Run II Preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} = 9.4/fb$ | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Source of Uncertainty | Value | | | |
| Backgrounds | 0.015 | | | |
| Recoil Modeling | +0.013 | | | |
| rtecon wodening | -0.000 | | | |
| Color Reconnection | 0.0067 | | | |
| Parton Showering | 0.0027 | | | |
| PDF | 0.0025 | | | |
| ${ m JES}$ | 0.0022 | | | |
| IFSR | 0.0018 | | | |
| Total Systematic | +0.021 | | | |
| Total Systematic | -0.017 | | | |
| Data Statistics | 0.024 | | | |
| Total Uncertainty | +0.032 | | | |
| rotar Oncertainty | -0.029 | | | |

Results



$$A_{\text{FB}}^{lep} = \frac{N(qy_l > 0) - N(qy_l < 0)}{N(qy_l > 0) + N(qy_l < 0)}$$

| CDF data | $0.094 \pm 0.024 ^{+0.022}_{-0.017}$ |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| POWHEG | 0.027 |
| QCD + EW | 0.038 ± 0.003 |
| SM estimation based on CDF A _{FR} | 0.076 |

Assume $A_{FB} / A^{lep}_{FB} = 2.17$ (POWHEG)

 $\sim 2\sigma$ higher than prediction

CDF Run II Preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} = 9.4/fb$

| Sample | $N_{ m events}$ | Data | Signal | Fully Extrapolated |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Electrons | 1788 | 0.050 ± 0.024 | 0.050 ± 0.034 | $0.062^{+0.052}_{-0.049}$ |
| Muons | 2076 | 0.081 ± 0.022 | 0.087 ± 0.029 | $0.119_{-0.037}^{+0.039}$ |
| Positive | 1884 | 0.099 ± 0.023 | 0.110 ± 0.031 | $\begin{array}{c} 0.125^{+0.042}_{-0.041} \\ 0.063^{+0.045}_{-0.042} \end{array}$ |
| Negative | 1980 | 0.036 ± 0.022 | 0.034 ± 0.031 | $0.063^{+0.045}_{-0.042}$ |
| Inclusive | 3864 | 0.067 ± 0.016 | 0.070 ± 0.022 | $0.094^{+0.033}_{-0.030}$ |

Consistent A^{lep}_{FB} measurements in e, μ , I^{+} , I^{-} subsamples

Summary and conclusions

- Leptonic asymmetry in tt production has been measured in the lepton + jets final state with the full Tevatron dataset
- Developed specific analysis techniques, extrapolation robust across SM and BSM models
- Measured A^{lep} = $0.094 \pm 0.024^{+0.022}$ _{-0.017}
- ~2σ excess with respect to NLO prediction (including EW corrections)
- Compatible with a SM-like estimation from measured A_{FB}



Work in progress to measure A^{lep} in the dilepton channel

Summary and conclusions

- Leptonic asymmetry in tt production has been measured in the lepton + jets final state with the full Tevatron dataset
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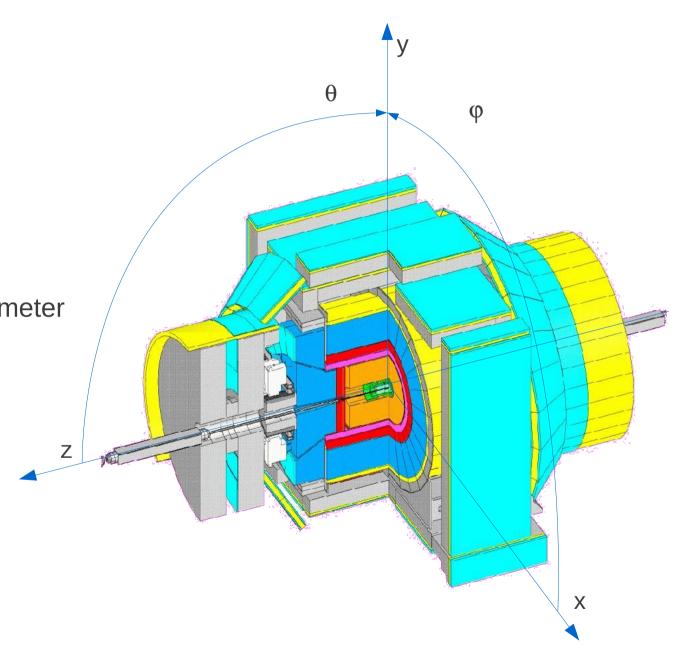
Work in progress to measure A^{lep} in the dilepton channel

Thanks for your attention!

BACKUP

CDF Detector

- Tracking system
 - Silicon detectors
 - Drift chambers COT
- 1.4 T Magnetic field
- Calorimeter
 - Electromagnetic calorimeter
 - Hadronic calorimeter
- Muon detectors
 - Wire chambers
 - Scintillators
- 3 Level Trigger System
 - Level 3 → ~ 100 Hz



Decomposition formulas

$$\mathcal{S}(qy_l) = \frac{N(qy_l) + N(-qy_l)}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{A}(qy_l) = \frac{N(qy_l) - N(-qy_l)}{N(qy_l) + N(-qy_l)}$$

$$N(qy_l) = \mathcal{S}(qy_l) \times \begin{cases} 1 + \mathcal{A}(qy_l) & qy_l > 0\\ 1 - \mathcal{A}(qy_l) & qy_l < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$N\left(qy_{l} > 0\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} dq y_{l} \left[\mathcal{S}\left(qy_{l}\right) \times \left(1 + \mathcal{A}\left(qy_{l}\right)\right)\right]$$
$$N\left(qy_{l} < 0\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} dq y_{l} \left[\mathcal{S}\left(qy_{l}\right) \times \left(1 - \mathcal{A}\left(qy_{l}\right)\right)\right]$$

$$A_{FB}^{lep} = \frac{N(qy_l > 0) - N(qy_l < 0)}{N(qy_l > 0) + N(qy_l < 0)}$$
$$= \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} dqy_l \left[\mathcal{A}(qy_l) \times \mathcal{S}(qy_l) \right]}{\int_{0}^{\infty} dqy_l \mathcal{S}(qy_l)}$$